

# Pediatric Quality Indicator 91 (PDI 91) Pediatric Quality Acute Composite July 2022 Area-Level Indicator Type of Score: Rate

# Prepared by:

Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

qualityindicators.ahrq.gov

### DESCRIPTION

Pediatric Quality Indicators (PDI) composite of acute conditions per 100,000 population, ages 6 to 17 years. Includes hospitalizations for gastroenteritis or urinary tract infection.

[NOTE: The software provides the rate per population. However, common practice reports the measure as per 100,000 population. The user must multiply the rate obtained from the software by 100,000 to report hospitalizations per 100,000 population.]

## **NUMERATOR**

Hospital discharges, for patients ages 6 to 17 years, that meet the inclusion and exclusion rules for the numerator in any of the following PDIs:

- PDI 16 Gastroenteritis Admission Rate
- PDI 18 Urinary Tract Infection Admission Rate

Discharges that meet the inclusion and exclusion rules for the numerator in more than one of the above PDIs are counted only once in the composite numerator.

### **DENOMINATOR**

Population ages 6 to 17 years in metropolitan area<sup>†</sup> or county. Hospital discharges in the numerator are assigned to the denominator based on the metropolitan area or county of the patient residence, not the metropolitan area or county of the hospital where the discharge occurred.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> The term "metropolitan area" (MA) was adopted by the U.S. Census in 1990 and referred collectively to metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs), consolidated metropolitan statistical areas (CMSAs), and primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSAs). In addition, "area" could refer to either 1) FIPS county, 2) modified FIPS county, 3) 1999 OMB Metropolitan Statistical Area, or 4) 2003 OMB Metropolitan Statistical Area. Micropolitan Statistical Areas are not used in the QI software.